

EYFS curriculum meeting





Welcome to Reception The EYFS Team

Nursery: Miss Dowden, Mrs Newman and Mrs McDermott

RH: Mrs Hartridge, Miss Potter and Mrs Paice RP: Miss Pearson and Miss Brophy

RDC: Mrs Davies, Mrs Cranston and Mrs Sula

RK: Miss Keith, Miss Ramos and Miss Davis

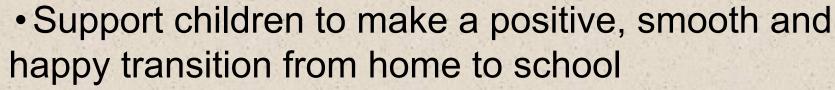


Our aims for today:

- Provide an overview of the EYFS curriculum
- Provide an overview of a typical day in Nursery and Reception
 - Give suggestions of ways to help your child at home
 - Explain what 'forest school' sessions look like in Reception
 - Tapestry
 - Reminders about communication and key information



Our aims in EYFS



- Provide a safe, secure, enabling and nurturing environment for children to learn in
- Create an environment that promotes independence and high levels of involvement in play
- Play alongside children and support the learning that naturally occurs
- Provide a broad and balanced high quality curriculum in line with the Early Years Foundation Stage guidance
- Foster positive home school links with parents and other care providers





Play based learning



- "Play underpins all development and learning for young children." EYFS Framework
- Statutory document play based approach to learning
- Four principles: Unique child, positive relationships, enabling environments, own pace



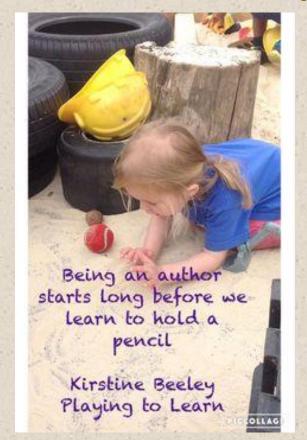
There are seven areas of learning in the Early Years...

Mathematics

Literacy

Expressive Arts and Design

Communication and Language



Knowledge of the World

Physical Development

Personal, Social and Emotional Development

They are split into...

Without gross and fine motor skills children will find writing difficult.

Prime Areas:

- Personal, Social and Emotional Development;
- Physical Development;
- Communication and Language.

Specific Areas:

- •Mathematics;
- Literacy;
- Knowledge of the World;
- Expressive Arts and Design.

Without the ability to listen, understand and speak children will struggle to read.

Typical day in Nursery...

- 8.30 9.00am Soft start. Children come, put things away and play
- 9am Whole class activity
- 9.15 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 10.00 Snack
- 10.15 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 11.00 Singing and story
- 11.30 Hometime for part time children
- 11.30 12.30 Lunchtime
- 12.30 Soft start for PM children and choosing
- 1.00 Whole class activity
- 1.15 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 2.00 Snack
- 2.15 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 2.30pm Home time for some full time children the rest of the children are choosing
- 3pm Singing and story
- 3.30pm Hometime

Young children's engagement in high level play is one of the best indicators of school success.

(Smilansky 1990)

Typical day in Reception...

- 8.40 8.55am Soft start. Handwriting activity set up in the classroom.
- 9am Funky fingers and phonics
- 9.30 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 10.15 Maths
- 10.30 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 11.15 Singing and preparation for lunch
- 11.30 12 In the hall eating lunch
- 12 12.30 Playtime during lunch
- 12.30 Topic
- 12.45 Choosing time and the garden is open
- 2.15 Snack time (helper chooses something to watch)
- 2.30 Story, singing and home time preparation
- 3pm Home time

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(Smilansky 1990)



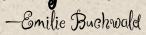


'Reading is to the mind what exercise is to the body.' —Richard Steele



Early Reading

Children are made readers on the laps of their parents.'
—Emilie Buchwald







What is our phonics programme and why?

- SoundsWrite phonics programme with decodable reading books to support the teaching and provide opportunities to decode
- Consistent approach across both schools
- Focus on skills needed to read and write and the conceptual knowledge
- Slowing learning down to really embed knowledge and skills
- Very clear and precise vocabulary used to teach the sounds and symbols.
- Teaches children the code needed to become a confident reader/writer/speller.





•Phonics is:



Knowledge of the alphabetic code



Skills of segmentation and blending

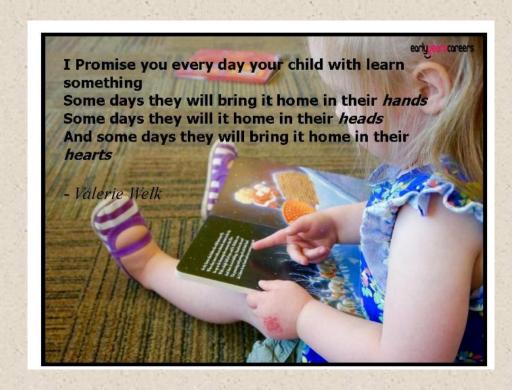
- Blending is joining the sounds together to help us read a word.
- Segmenting is hearing a word and splitting it up into the sounds that make it.

Comprehension when reading is a different skill...

How do we teach reading in Nursery and Reception?

EYFS

- Phonics
- Daily story
- Daily singing/rhyme
- Class reading buddy
- Helicopter stories
- Role play area/small world
- Reading scheme books
- Story books sent home borrow book
- Yoto player
- Focus text/author
- Talk scaffolds
- Classroom reading areas
- Workshops and curriculum evenings
- Inprint
- Colourful Semantics
- Choral speaking
- Vocabulary focus in all curriculum areas
- EOV





How to help your child read a word

- Resist the urge to tell your child the word instantly. Helping them to work it out for themselves enables them to develop the skills to work it out for themselves independently next time and become a fluent and confident reader.
- What is the first sound of the word/next sound etc...
- Can you blend the sounds together?
- Me, together, you method to support in the early stages.
- Does the word make sense? Read the sentence again to check.
- Have you read the word before? Is it on another page?
- Are there any bits of the word you recognise?
- Always go back and read the sentence again!

So how can you help?

Experts in literacy and child development have discovered that if children know eight nursery rhymes by heart by the time they're four years old, they're usually among the best readers by the time they're eight.

Mem For

- Reading lots at home promoting good listening skills
- · Listening games when at home or our and about
- Point out and play with rhyme
- Clap out syllables in words
- Make up alliterative sentences
- 'Me, together then you' approach to reading
- I spy with my little eye...

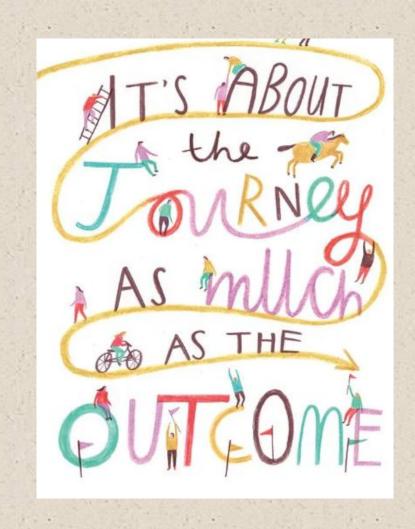
What else?

- Learn how to say all the sounds correctly ask if you are unsure
- The Oxford Owl website has a video demonstration on how to say the sounds: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=UCI2mu7URBc
- Know the difference between a letter and a sound
- a letter is one of the 26 written elements of the alphabet
- a sound is a single voiced element which may be made up using one or more letters (e.g. m & igh are both sounds)
- When coming across a word in a book that uses a spelling your child is unfamiliar with e.g. gem this can be explained by saying: "This can be a /g/ but in this word it is a /j/

Essential Skills for writing











How Children Begin to Learn to Write

1. They strengthen their shoulder and arm muscles by making large (gross

motor) movements with their arms such as waving flags



2. They strengthen the muscles in their hands and fingers by doing fine motor activities such as pegging



3. They begin to make marks with their fingers in sand, paint, soil





4. They make marks with equipment such as sticks, chalk or paint brushes on a large scale

5. They make marks with equipment such as crayons or pens on a smaller scale



6. They write circles and lines and begin to gain some control over equipment



7. They write in shapes and symbols and begin to give meaning to the marks they make

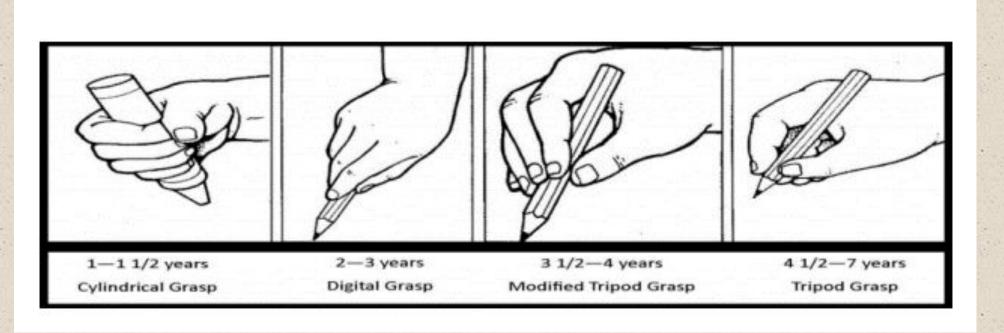


8. They use letters from their name to write messages



Developing pencil grip

•How children use their body to aid their early mark making and then writing is by using a sequence of muscle movements. Which muscles they use depends on which stage of development they are at.





What we do at Hampton Infants

- Children are encouraged to write as part of their purposeful play.
- They write in a variety of role play situations that match their interests and stimulate talking.
- They experiment with writing by making marks, personal writing symbols and conventional script.
- They are given lots of praise and encouragement to have a go
- When ready, we support the children's writing by encouraging them to hear the sound at the beginning of the word in their writing.
- Then they progress in hearing other sounds in words in their writing. We support children in writing stories, poems and information texts.
- They begin to write in sentences sometimes using punctuation (mainly full stops).

Teaching letter sounds and patterns

- Children learn by becoming aware of how words sound and look.
- Learning to spell is part of learning to write so in the early stages it is very important to encourage your child to have a go at writing.
- You can:
- find different ways to help your child write their name.
- Encourage your child to join in when you write lists, letters, birthday cards.
- Give lots of praise and enjoy your child's attempts at writing and spelling.
- When you write with your child try use lower case (not capitals) except at the beginning of a sentence or name.
- Look at words together when you're out shopping, on television, or reading together.



How to help your child....

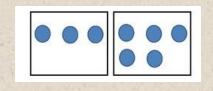
- Sing songs and nursery rhymes with your children.
- Be interested in language and words –have an interesting word place at home.
- You can't write a story unless you can tell a story.
- You can't tell a story unless you have heard a story.
- Use letter sounds and not letter names
- Write shopping lists and letters.
- Write in lower case letters
- Go to the park, climb, swing, run and crawl!
- Messy play and playdough time!
- Make it an enjoyable experience, keep it fun!



Maths in EYFS - key concepts

<u>Number</u>

- Counting: Saying number words in sequence
- Subitising (recognising the number of objects in a group without counting them).



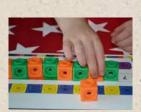
- Numeral meanings - cardinality







1:1 correspondence (assigning1 number to 1 object)



Pattern

- Observing mathematical structures and relationships
- Recognising, creating and describing patterns
- Repeating patterns:
 AB ABB ABBC







Maths in EYFS - key concepts

Shape and space

- Developing spatial awareness and language. Eg: "behind", "on top of", "next to"
- Visualising how things appear when moved or changed
- Identifying similarities and differences
- Identifying properties of shapes.



Measure

- Using everyday language to talk about size, weight, capacity, position, distance, time and money
- Comparing quantities and objects to solve problems
- Recording data: standard units and non-standard units.



What we do at Hampton Infants

- 1 x short maths session each day.
 - Practical, using concrete resources to handle, eg: conkers, cars, leaves etc.
 - Focus on oracy and reasoning "How do you know that?"
 - Opportunity for peer-to-peer discussion.
 - Supporting mastery of a concept "Can you show me another way?" "How else could you do that?"
 - Slow and steady approach to ensure a solid foundation in the key concepts.
- Children are very often engaging with mathematical concepts during their play.



Play based learning - maths is happening all the time!



Building a tower: shape and space

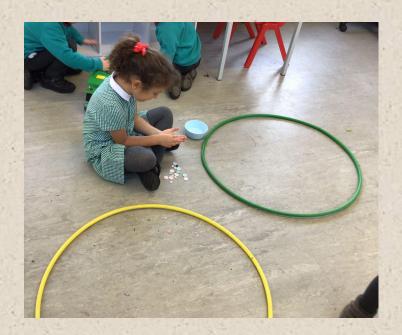


A giant's necklace! - pattern making



Recording data on an Autumn treasure hunt

Sorting buttons into groups - identifying similarities and differences







1:1 correspondence



1:1 correspondence



shape, space and measure

Number words; numeral meanings



Maths in EYFS How can you help at home?

Maths is everywhere! You can use any situation as an opportunity for mathematical talk. Encourage their reasoning by asking them to explain their thinking:

"Who has more chips today? Prove it to me."

"How many cars on the road today? How could we check?"

"Who has more peas? Who has fewer?"

"What's the same and what's different between these two leaves?"

"Which cup holds the most water? Why do you think that? How could you check?"

Useful resources:

https://nrich.maths.org/13371

https://www.ncetm.org.uk/in-the-classroom/early-years/

https://youtu.be/20w8vEmh8IA (Numbersense)

Forest Friday







- Every Friday afternoon we take part in forest school activities
- We stay with our class and take part in activities that are outside
- We enjoy a story outside and some singing
- We stay outside for the whole afternoon and get busy learning



What do I need to wear?

- You will need to come to school every Friday wearing your PE kit.
- You will need comfortable shoes e.g. Trainers with velcro fastening.
- A pair of wellies to stay at school. We help the children change into their wellies.





Where will we learn?

- We will then have a base in the playground to sit and listen before taking part in a forest school activity.
- We will all have a turn in the reading shed for our 'Helicopter stories' session.

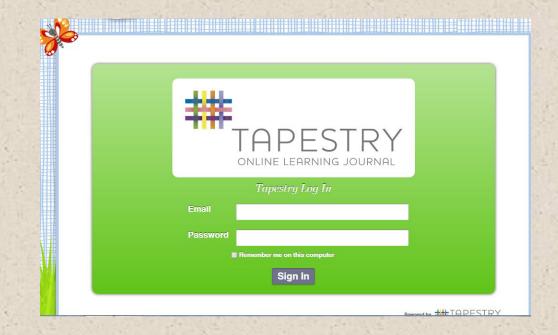






Tapestry – observational tool

- Individual profile
- Parents can access the journal for your child
- We will add an observation of your child to Tapestry once a week.
- Celebrating the children's ideas, developing their interests and deepening their learning
- You can add photos from home with any news or experiences your child would like to share.
- Sometimes it can take us a few days/weeks to get through sharing all of the lovely observations from home.

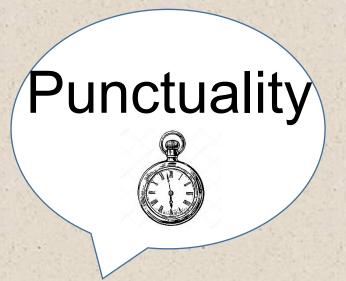




Communication



Collection arrangements







Supporting your child at home

- Home school books for recording reading please do record when you have read with your child at home
- Wow moments

Tapestry

Buzz newsletter

I Am 5

I'm a risk taker and mess maker.

I'm a confident doer of exciting things. I'm not built for desk sitting. My busy brain craves action and novelty.

I'm not as grownup as some people think- I still need to play, move, and explore.

(Don't rush my childhood)





Positive Behaviour

Our Bee Rules

At Hampton Infant School and Nursery we have 5 golden rules. These rules help us to have a happy and successful school. They are:

- Be kind to others
- Be a good listener
- Be respectful towards yourself, others and the school environment
- Be hard working and challenge yourself
- Be responsible

Be the best you can be!



General Information

- School Day: 8:40 3:00pm
- If you need to speak to your child's class teacher the best time to do this is at the end of the school day or email the office.
- Children must <u>NOT</u> use the climbing frame before or after school in the KS1 playground.
- If you need to contact your child's class teacher please send an email to:
- Office.hisn@hpp.school
- Class lists please sign up. Ask the office if you need help
- Up to date contact information



General Information

- Birthdays no food whole class gift eg book for the class
- Name in everything
- Bookbags only please with one key ring (no backpacks)
- Appropriate outerwear everyday please
- Independence coats, shoes, jumpers/cardigans, toileting and lunchtime

Thank you

